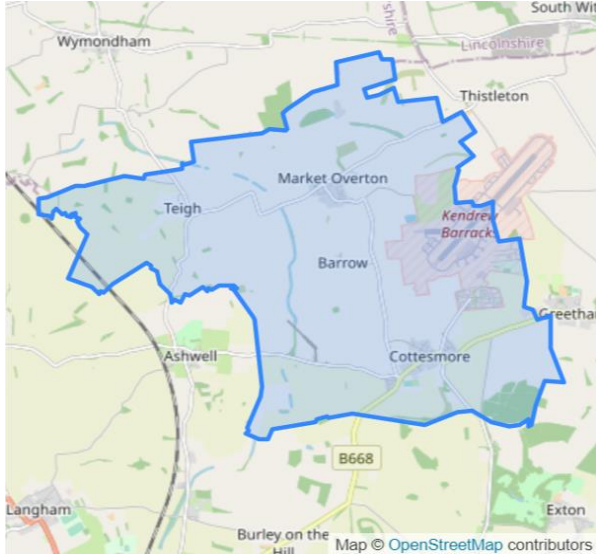


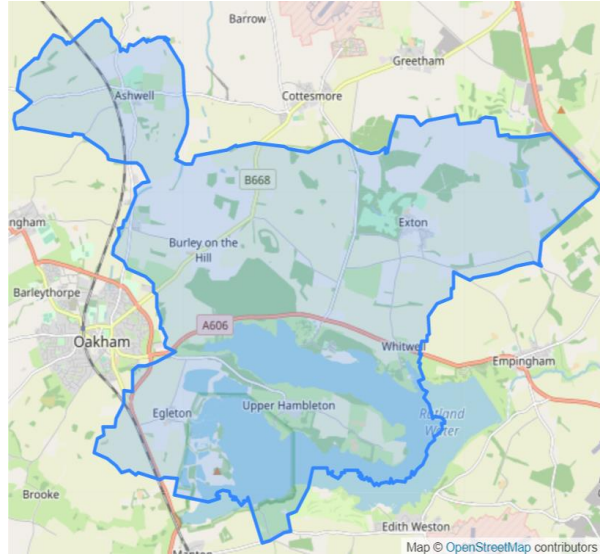
# Rutland Health Inequalities – Supporting mapping

## Appendix 1 – Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) maps<sup>1</sup>

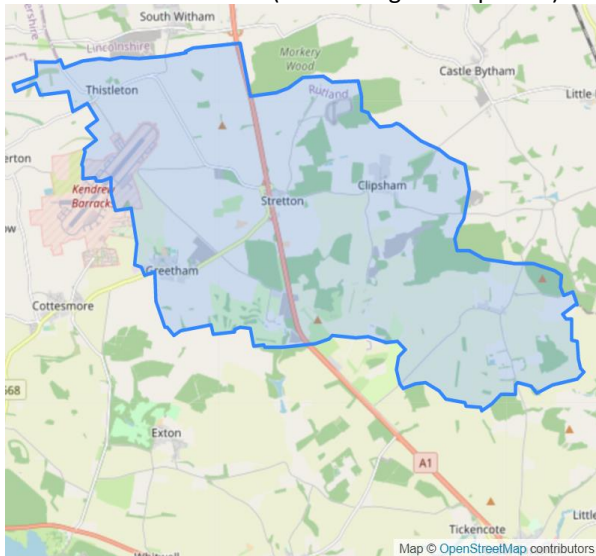
Rutland 001A Cottesmore (Rural Village & Dispersed)



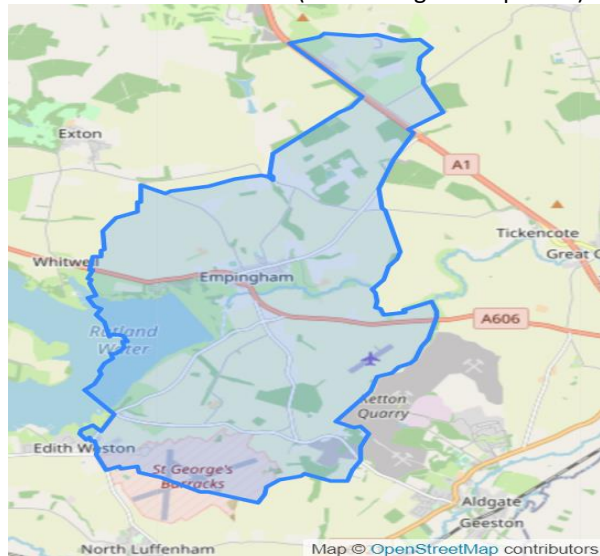
Rutland 001B Exton (Rural Village & Dispersed)



Rutland 001C Greetham (Rural Village & Dispersed)

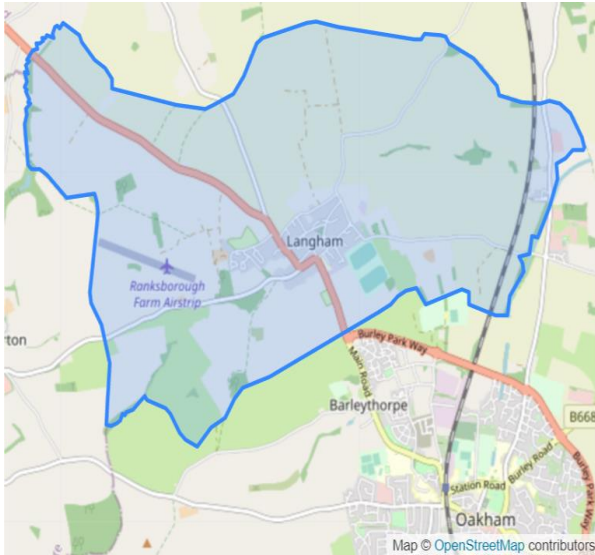


Rutland 001D Normanton (Rural Village & Dispersed)

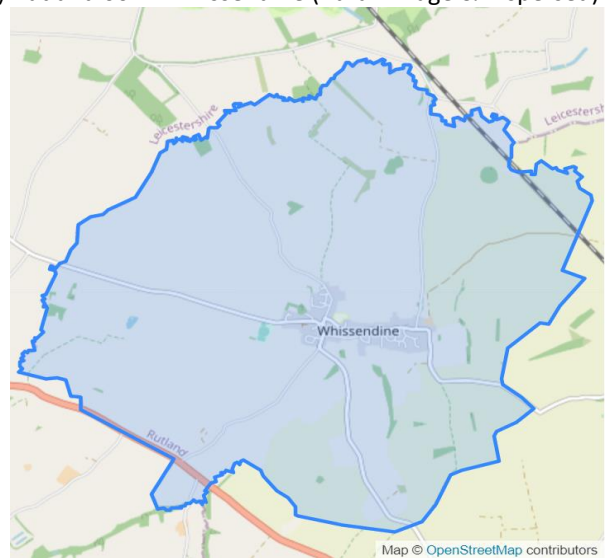
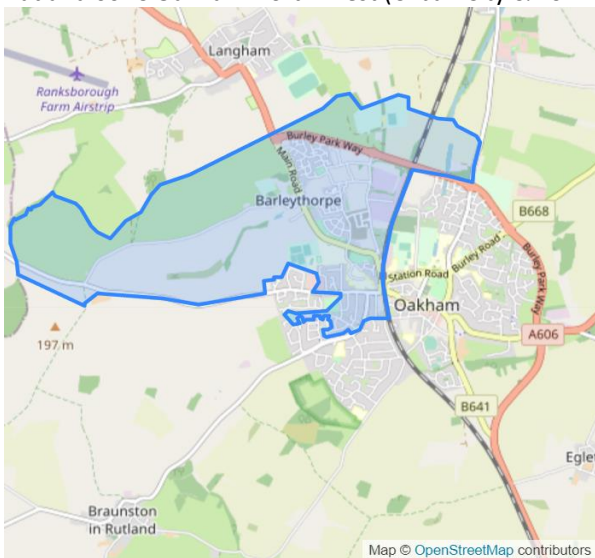


Rutland 002A Langham (Rural Town & Fringe)

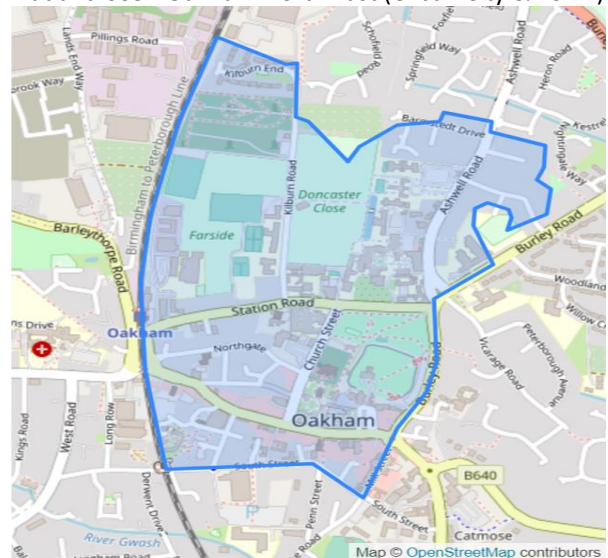
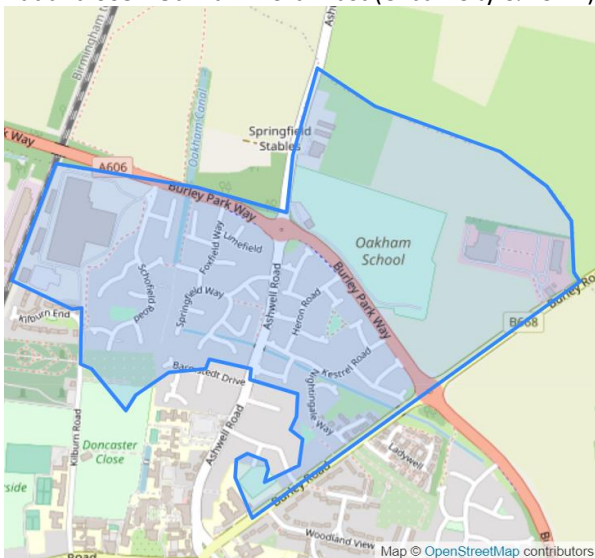
Rutland 002B Oakham North West (Urban City & Town)



Rutland 002C Oakham North West (Urban City & Town) Rutland 002D Whissendine (Rural Village & Dispersed)

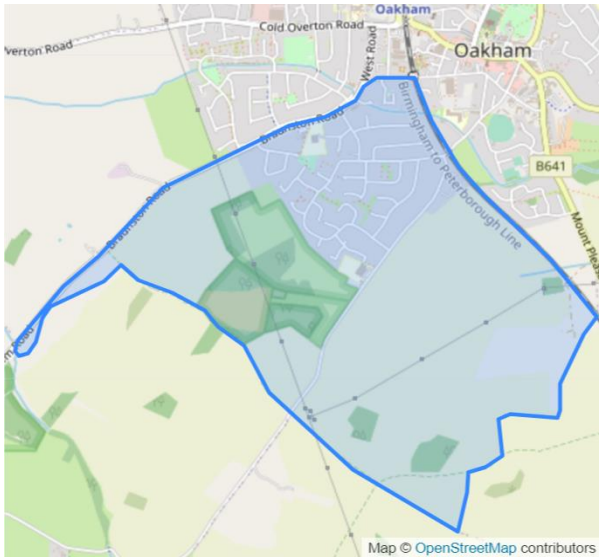
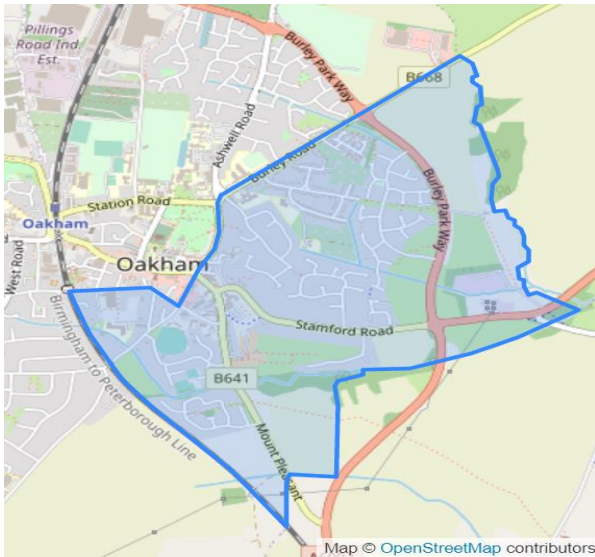


Rutland 003A Oakham North East (Urban City & Town) Rutland 003B Oakham North East (Urban City & Town)

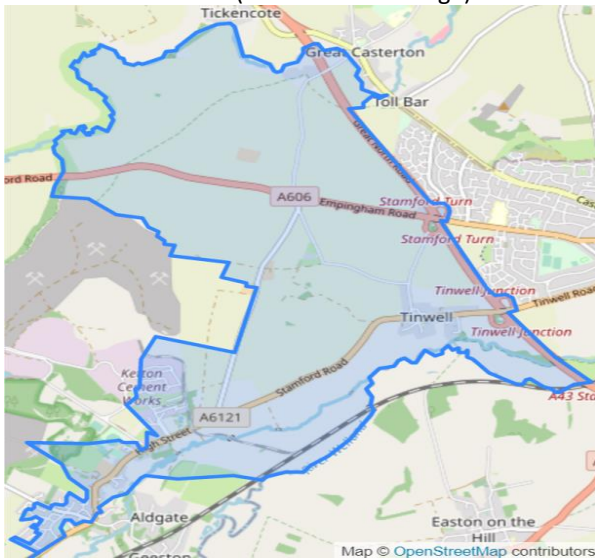


Rutland 003C Oakham South East (Urban City & Town) Rutland 003D Oakham South West (Urban City & Town)

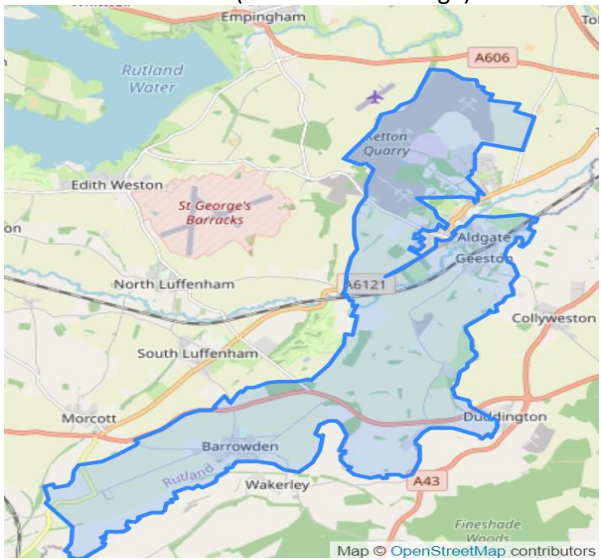




Rutland 004A Ketton (Rural Town & Fringe)



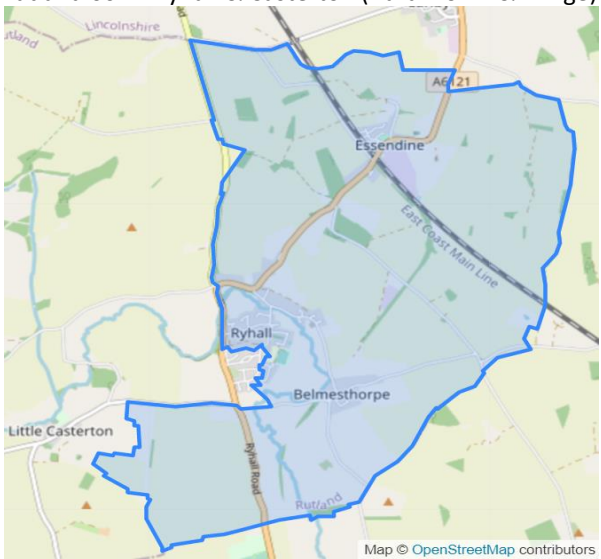
Rutland 004B Ketton (Rural Town & Fringe)



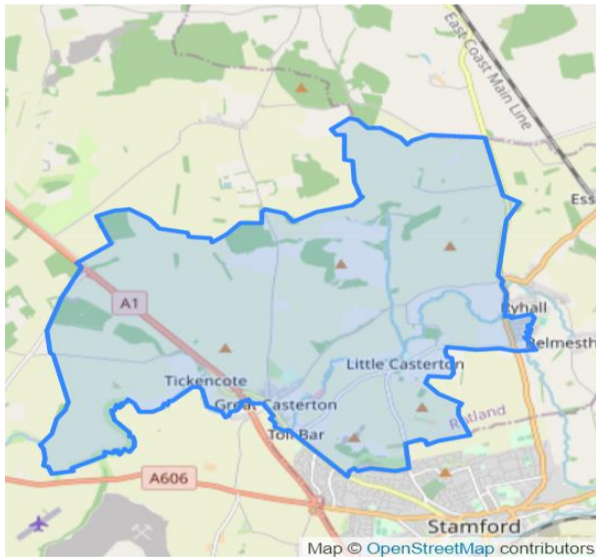
Rutland 004C Normanton (Rural Village & Dispersed)



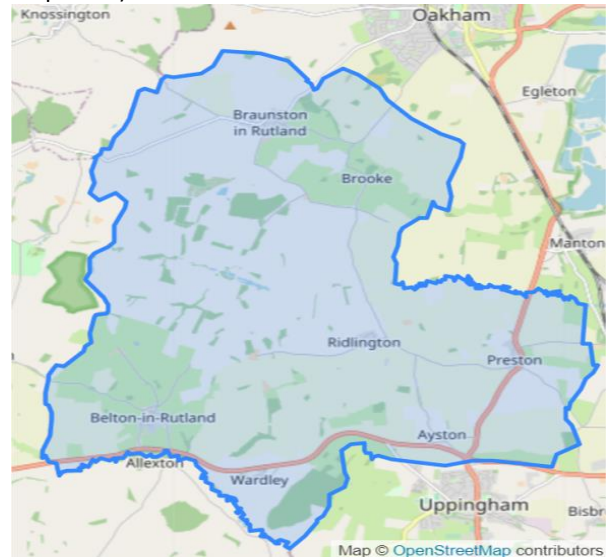
Rutland 004D Ryhall & Casterton (Rural Town & Fringe)



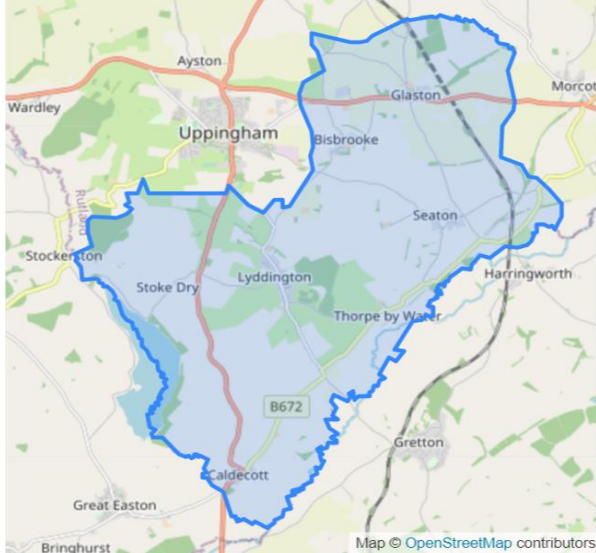
Rutland 004E Ryhall & Casterton (Rural Town & Fringe)



Rutland 005A Braunston & Belton (Rural Village & Dispersed)



Rutland 005B Lyddington (Rural Village & Dispersed)



Rutland 005C Martinsthorpe (Rural Village & Dispersed)



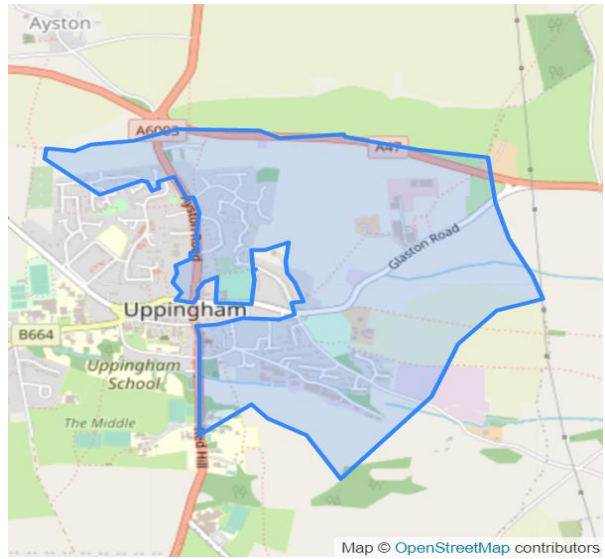
Rutland 005D Uppingham (Rural Town & Fringe)



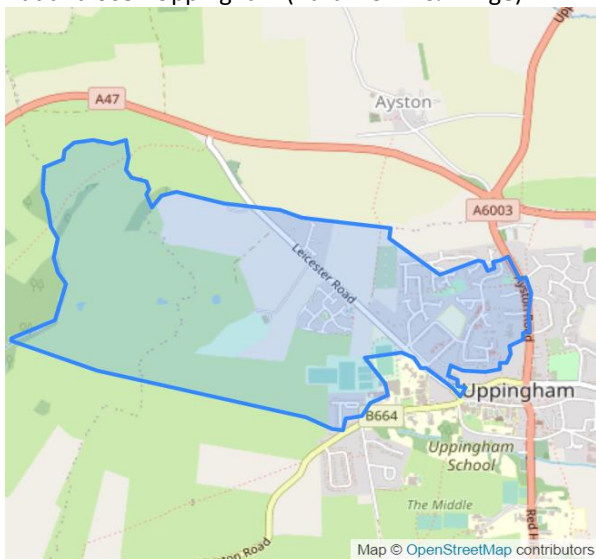
Rutland 005E Uppingham (Rural Town & Fringe)



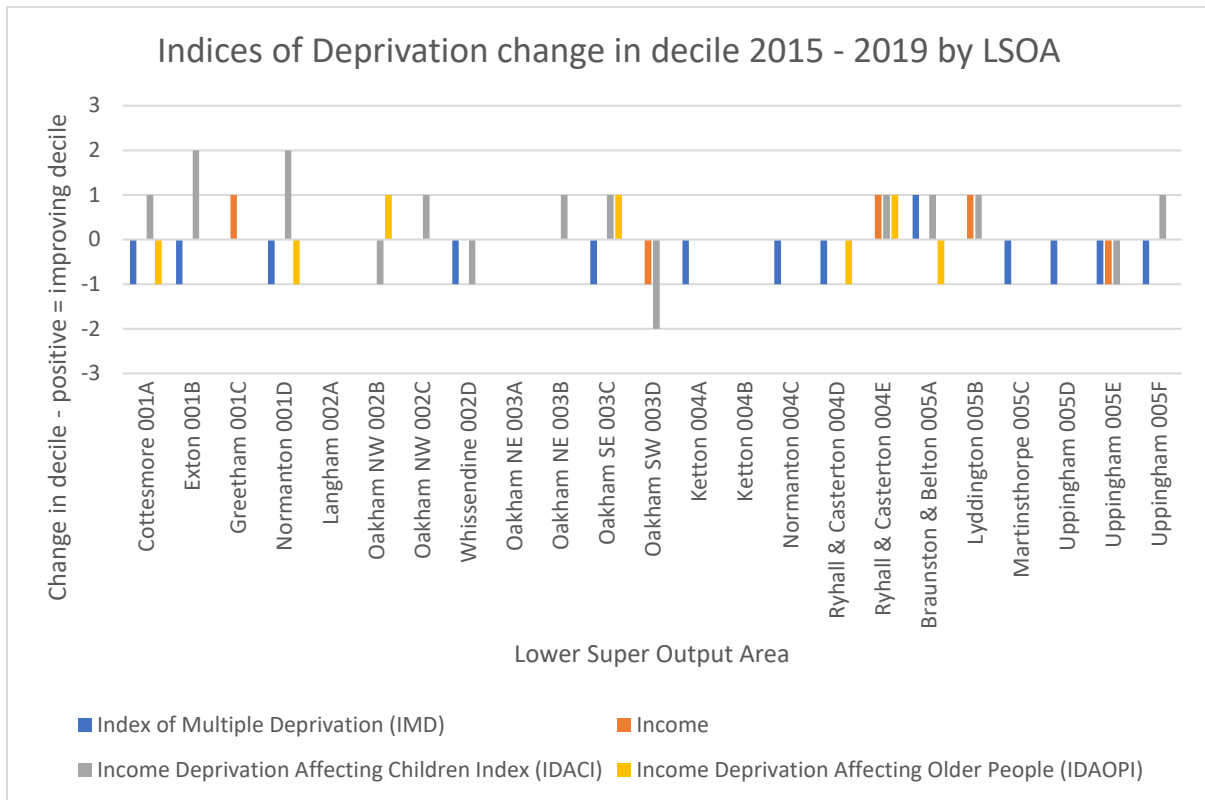




Rutland 005F Uppingham (Rural Town & Fringe)

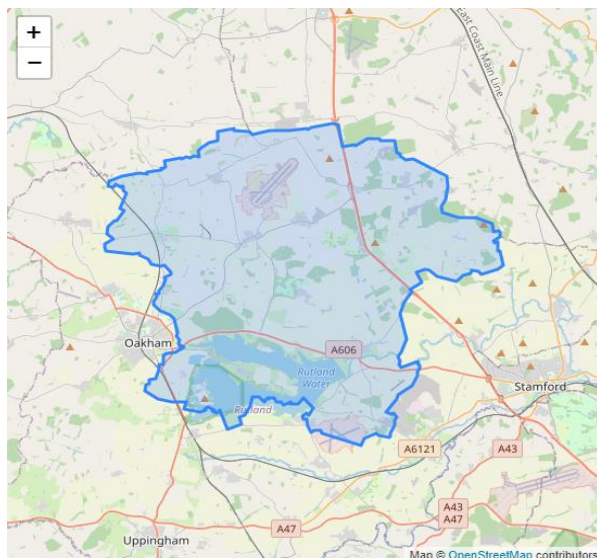


## Appendix 2 – change in Indices of Deprivation<sup>2</sup>

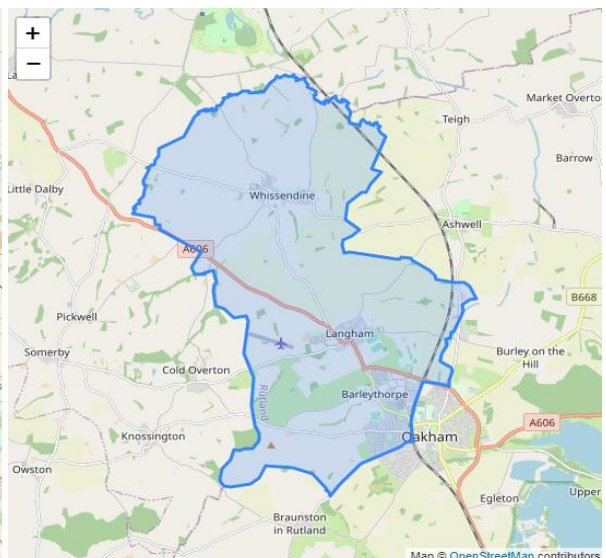


## Appendix 3 – Middle Super Output Area (MSOA) maps<sup>1</sup>

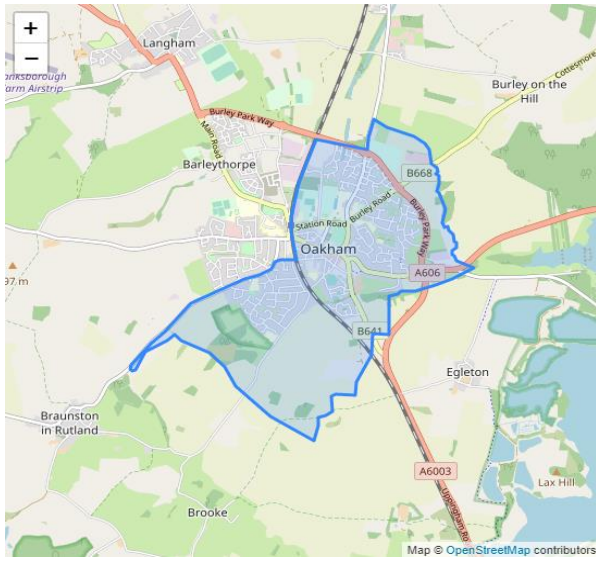
Rutland 001



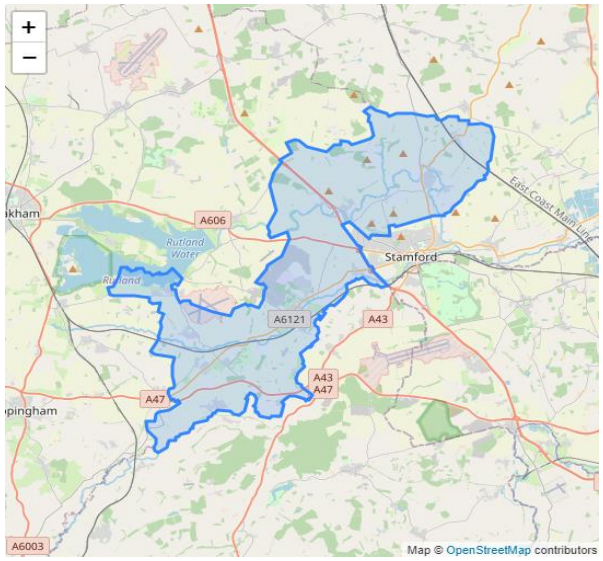
Rutland 002



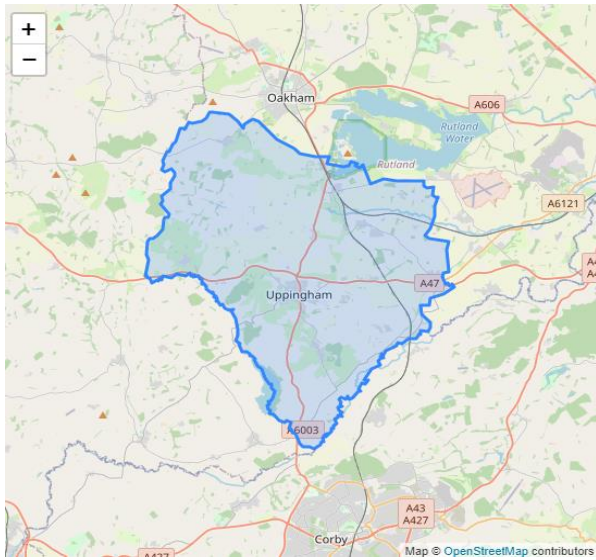
Rutland 003



Rutland 004



Rutland 005





### Appendix 4 – Access to Primary Care mapping<sup>3</sup>

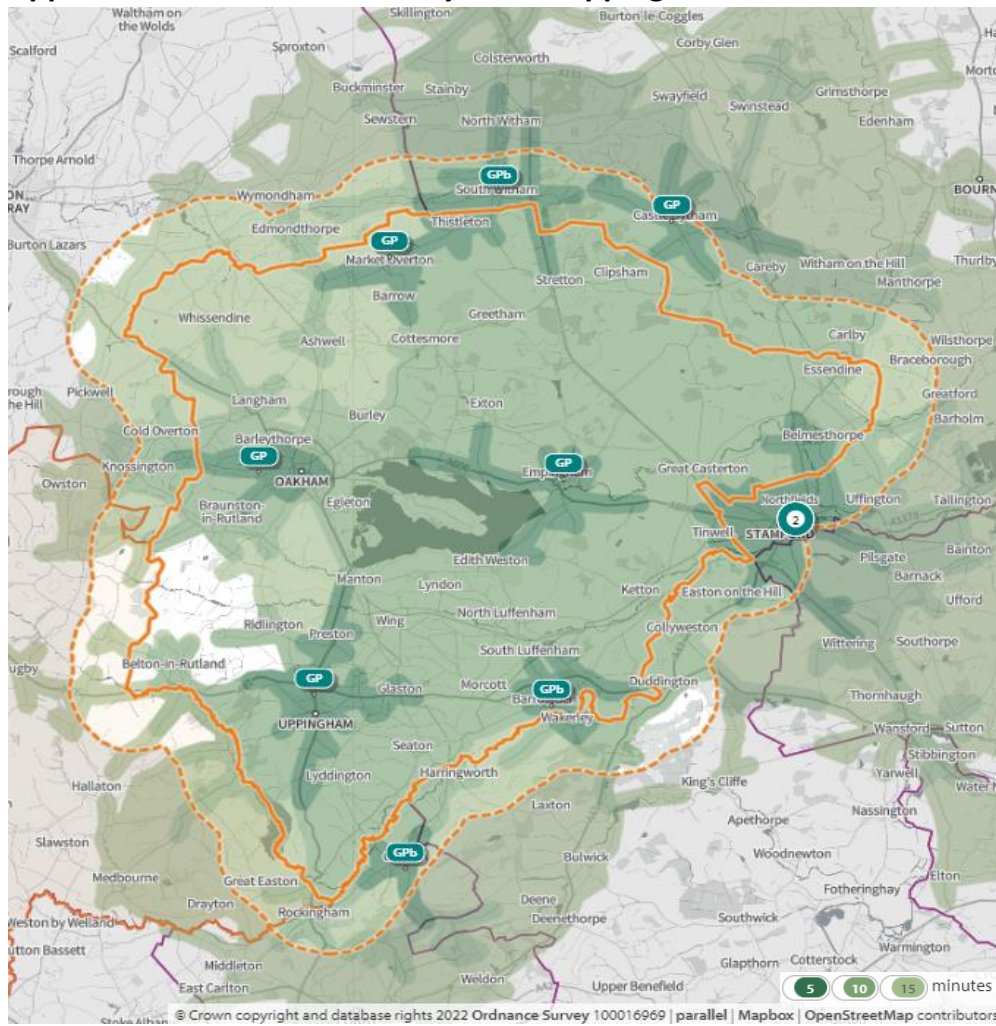


Figure 1 Access to GP Practices broken down by time taken to drive.



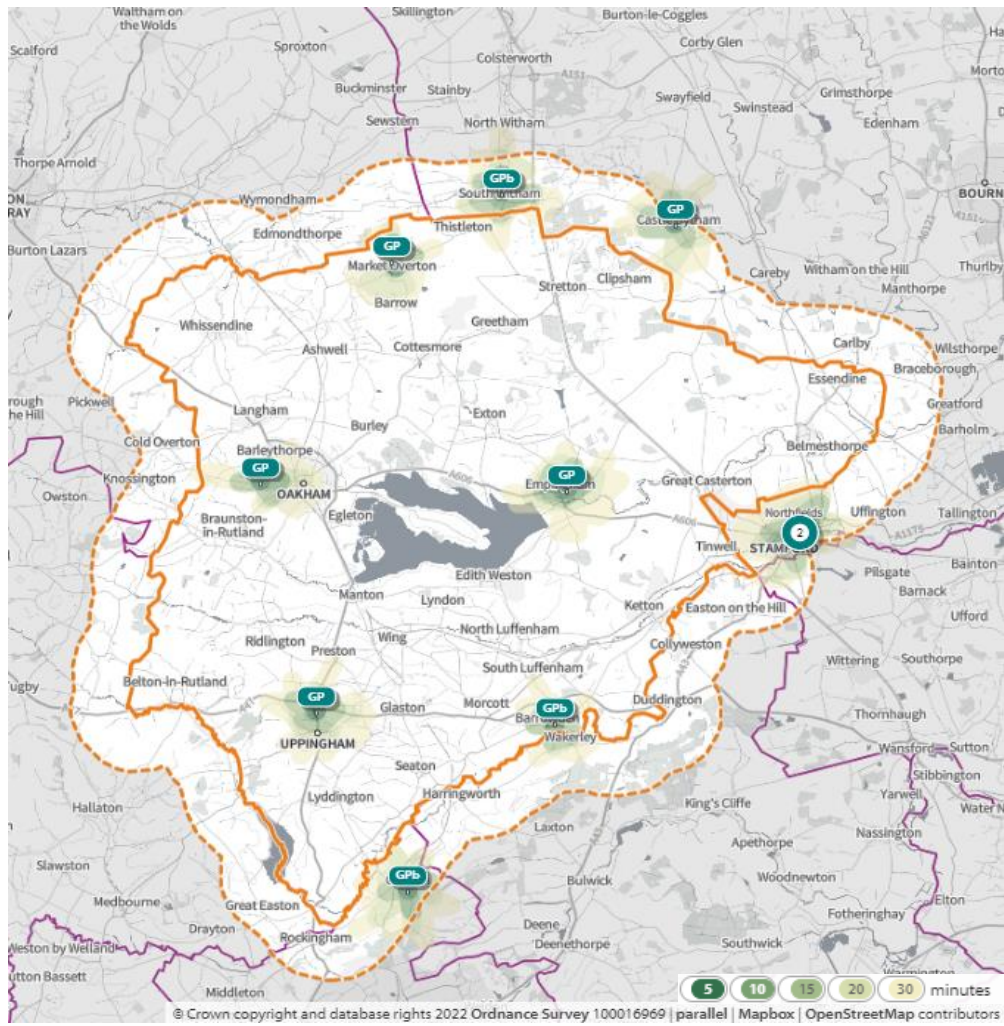


Figure 2 Access to GP Practices broken down by time taken to walk.

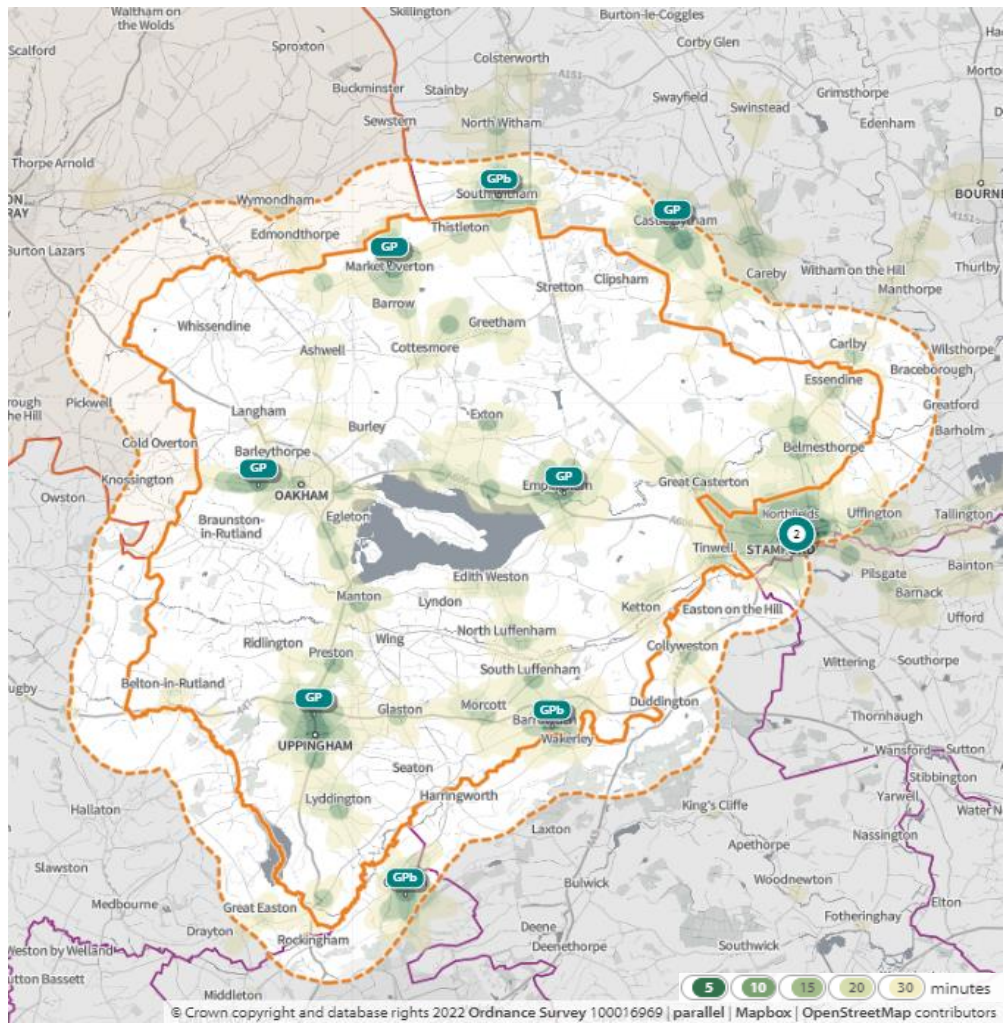


Figure 3 Access to GP Practices broken down by time taken via public transport.



## Appendix 5 – Access to Secondary Care mapping

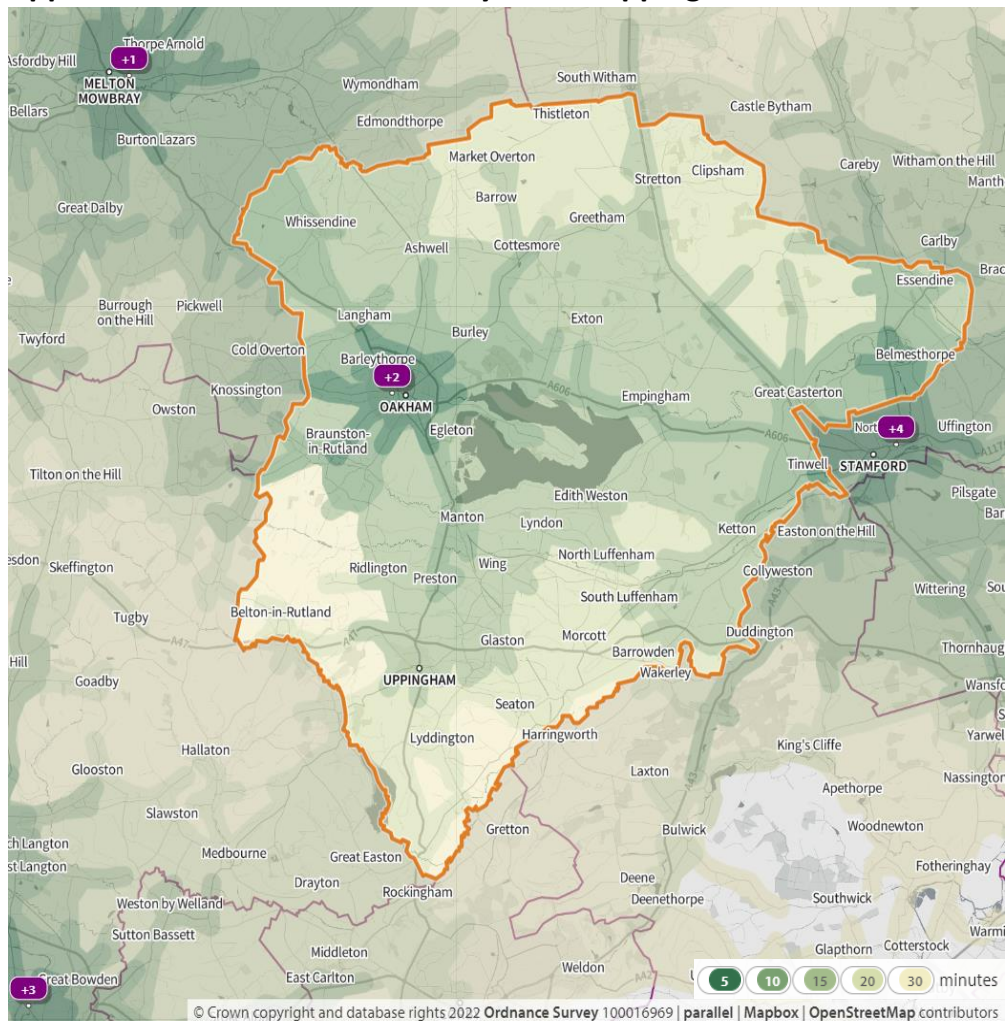


Figure 4 Access to Community Hospitals by time taken to drive.

Community hospital	Number of Rutland residents within a 15 minute drive	Number of Rutland residents within a 30 minute drive
<b>Rutland Memorial Hospital</b> (Leicester, Leicestershire & Rutland ICS)	29,538 (73.0%)	40,476 (100%)
<b>Stamford &amp; Rutland Hospital</b> (Lincolnshire ICS)	7,590 (18.8%)	39,121 (96.7%)
<b>St Lukes Hospital Wards</b> (Leicester, Leicestershire & Rutland ICS)	0 (0%)	5,001 (12.4%)
<b>Melton Mowbray Hospital</b> (Leicester, Leicestershire & Rutland ICS)	2,680 (6.6%)	27,795 (68.7%)
<b>Any community hospitals</b>	35,385 (87.4%)	40,476 (100%)

## Appendix 6 – Digital Exclusion mapping<sup>4</sup>

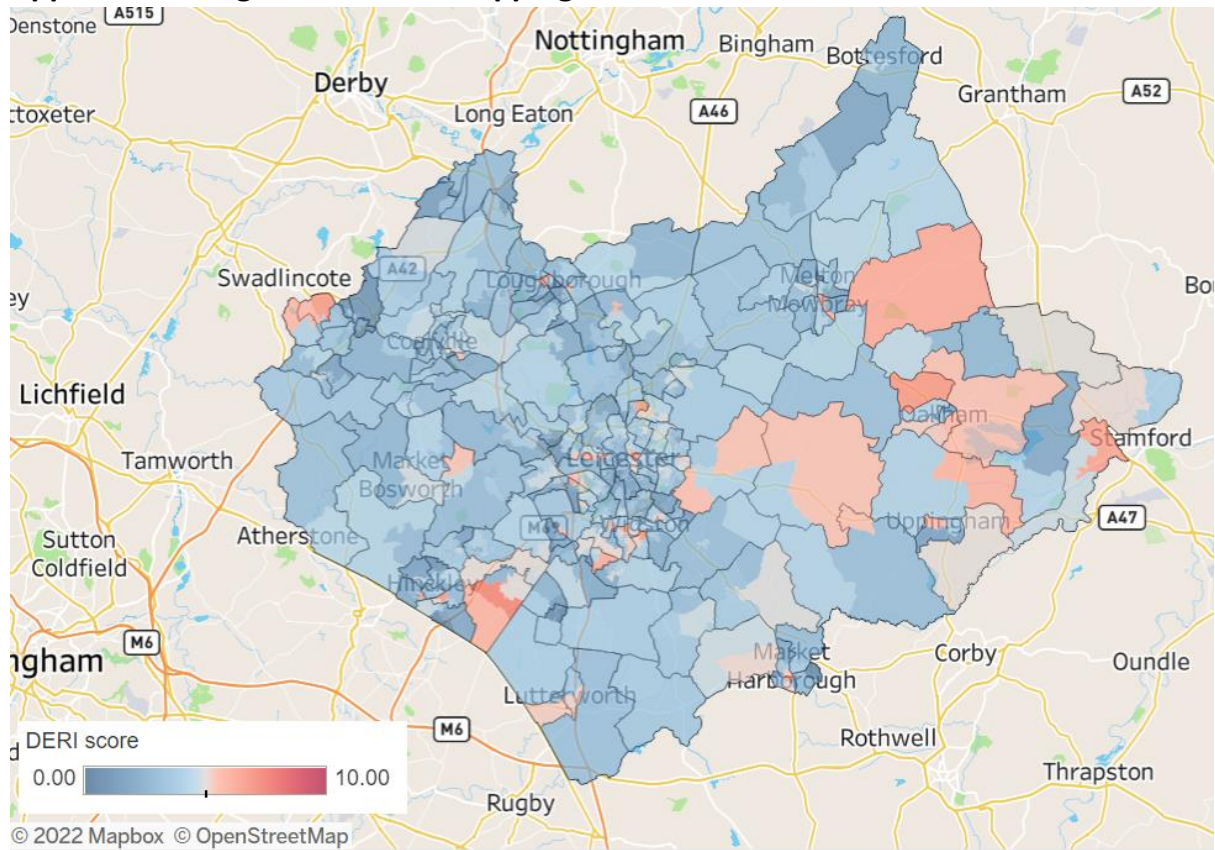


Figure 5 Digital Exclusion Risk Index LLR.

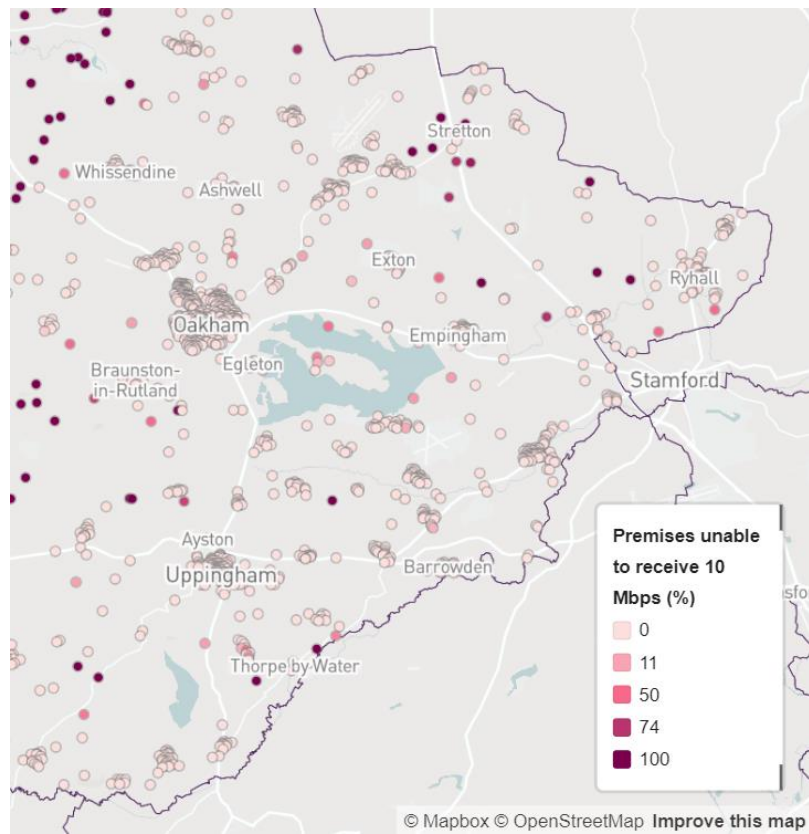


Figure 6 Postcodes unable to receive 10 Mbps as of Sept 2021.



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<sup>1</sup> My Society, Map It UK, 2022

<sup>2</sup> English Indices of Deprivation, Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government, 2019

<sup>3</sup> Strategic Health Asset Planning and Evaluation, Place Atlas, 2022

<sup>4</sup> Greater Manchester Office of Data Analytics, Digital Exclusion Risk Index, 2021